Fachbereich Mathematik Daniele Agostini

Algebraic Geometry

Submit by: Monday, 02/05/22, 10 am

Exercise 6 b. and 7 b. are an in class exercises. There is no need to hand the solution in.

Exercise 5: Compute the irreducible compontents of the affine variety

$$V(x_1 - x_2 x_3, x_1 x_3 - x_2^2) \subset \mathbb{A}^3_{\mathbb{C}}.$$

Hint compute the primary decomposition with $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SINGULAR}}$ to see what you should expect.

Exercise 6: Let X and Y be topological spaces and $\emptyset \neq U \subseteq X$.

- a. Show, if $f: X \to Y$ is continous and X is irreducible, then f(X) is irreducible.
- b. Show, U is irreducible if and only if the closure \overline{U} is irreducible.

Exercise 7:

a. Show that

 $X = \{A \in Mat(2 \times 2, \mathbb{C}) \mid A \text{ is nilpotent}\}$

is an irreducible affine variety in $\mathbb{A}^4_{\mathbb{C}} = Mat(2 \times 2, \mathbb{C}).$

b. Show that

 $Y = \{A \in Mat(2 \times 3, \mathbb{C}) \mid rank(A) \le 1\}$

is an irreducible affine variety in $\mathbb{A}^6_{\mathbb{C}} = \operatorname{Mat}(2 \times 3, \mathbb{C})$.

What is the dimension of X and Y?

Hint: show first that X and Y are affine varieties, and use then Exercise 5 to show that a suitable open subset is irreducible. Compute the Krull dimension of the defining ideals with SINGULAR to see what you should expect.

Exercise 8: Show, if X_1 and X_2 are two affine varieties in \mathbb{A}^n_K , then

$$I(\overline{X_1 \setminus X_2}) = I(X_1) : I(X_2).$$